

Question 1 –

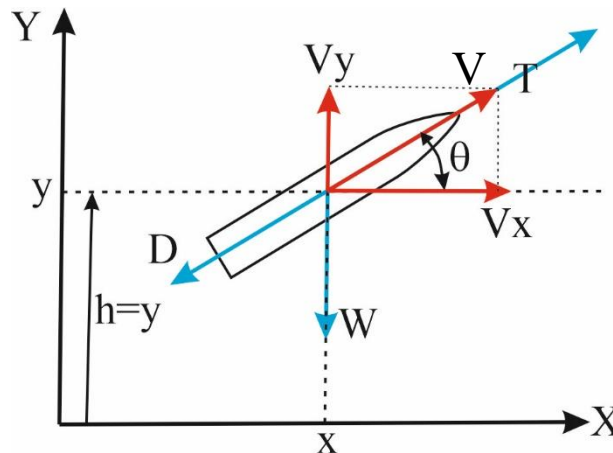
- Make a class for simulation of the flight of rockets (The equations for simulation are presented)
- The characteristics of a sample rocket is given but the class should be general and can be used easily for simulating other rockets
 - Use the class and run the simulation for the following initial conditions:

$$V_0 = 10 \frac{m}{s} \quad \theta_0 = 45^\circ$$

Create the following output files:

- Trajectory.dat -
This file includes three columns: t, x, y
- Velocity.dat -
This file includes three columns: t, V_x, V_y

Model:



To simulate the rocket, integrate x, y, V_x, V_y using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= V_x \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= V_y \\ \frac{dV_x}{dt} &= \frac{F_x}{m(t)} \\ \frac{dV_y}{dt} &= \frac{F_y}{m(t)} \end{aligned}$$

The integration should be stopped until the rocket hits the earth ($y=0$). Note

$$V = \sqrt{V_x^2 + V_y^2} \quad V_x = V * \cos \theta \quad V_z = V * \sin \theta \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{V_y}{V_x}$$

For calculating F_x and F_y and $m(t)$ in each integration step use the following procedure:

- 1- Calculate Air Density (ρ) using these equations:

$$T_a(h) = 15 - 0.00649h$$

$$P_a(h) = 101.29 * \left(\frac{T_a(h) + 273.1}{288.08} \right)^{5.256}$$

$$\rho(h) = \frac{P_a(h)}{0.2869 * (T_a(h) + 273.1)}$$

T_a is air temperature, P_a is air pressure and h is the instantaneous height of the rocket ($h = y(t)$).

- 2- Calculate the Drag force of the rocket using the following equation:

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \rho(h) * V^2 * S * C_D$$

Where, $C_D = 0.4$ is the drag coefficient, and $S = 0.008$ is the reference area.

- 3- Calculate Thrust using the following equation:

$$T = \begin{cases} I_{sp} * g * \frac{m_p}{t_b} & t < t_b \\ 0 & t > t_b \end{cases}$$

Where $I_{sp} = 220$, $g = 9.81$, $m_p = 3$ is the propellant mass and $t_b = 0.1$ is the burn time

- 4- Calculate θ using

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{V_y}{V_x}$$

- 5- Calculate mass using the following equation

$$m(t) = \begin{cases} m_0 - \left(\frac{m_p}{t_b} * t \right) & t < t_b \\ m(t) = m_0 - m_p & t > t_b \end{cases}$$

Where $m_0 = 8$ is the initial mass, $m_p = 3$ is the propellant mass and $t_b = 0.1$ is the burn time

Calculate Forces in x and y direction using following equations:

$$F_x = (T - D) * \cos(\theta)$$

$$F_y = (T - D) \sin \theta - m(t) * g$$